



# CECA SOUTHERN WEBINAR IN ASSOCIATION WITH TARMAC - SUSTAINABLE MATERIALS

Introduction by

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# Sustainable Solutions July 2021

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- Introduction
- Warm Mix Asphalt
  - Terminology
  - History
  - Overseas use
  - Benefits
  - Processes
  - Availability
- Recycled Asphalt
  - RAP
  - Tar Contamination
  - Product Assurance
- Q&A



### **Material Selection**

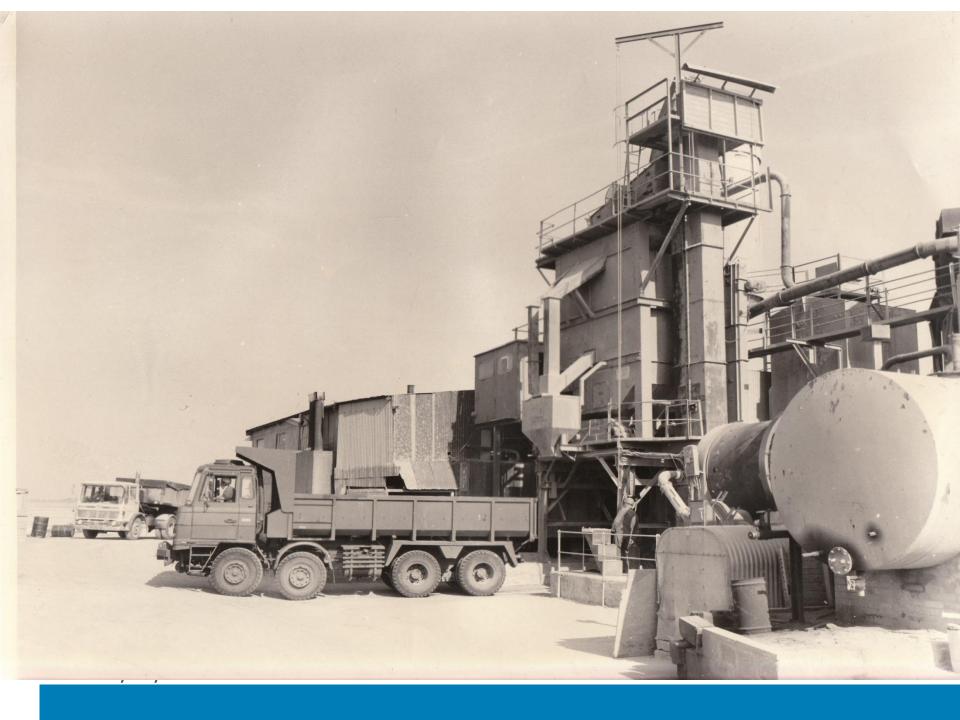




### **Material Selection**







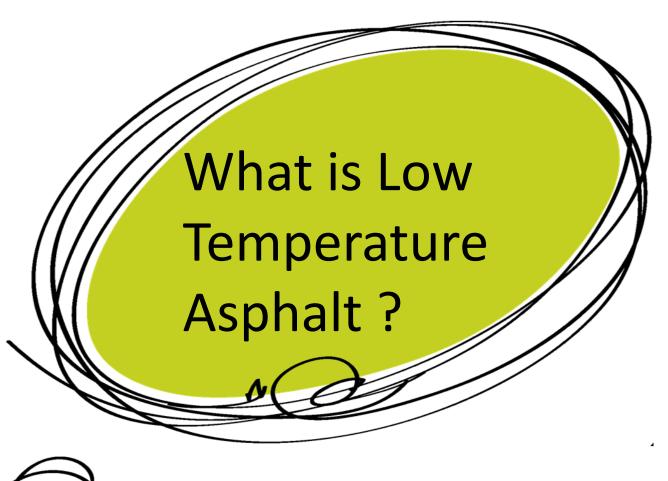




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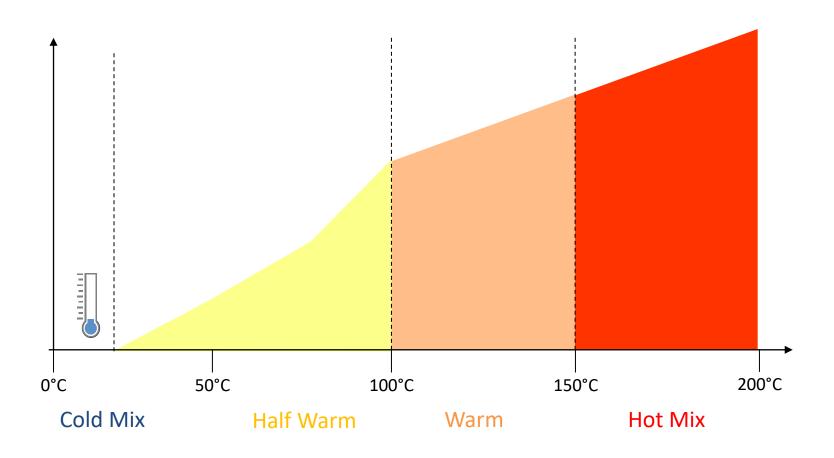


### **UltiLow**



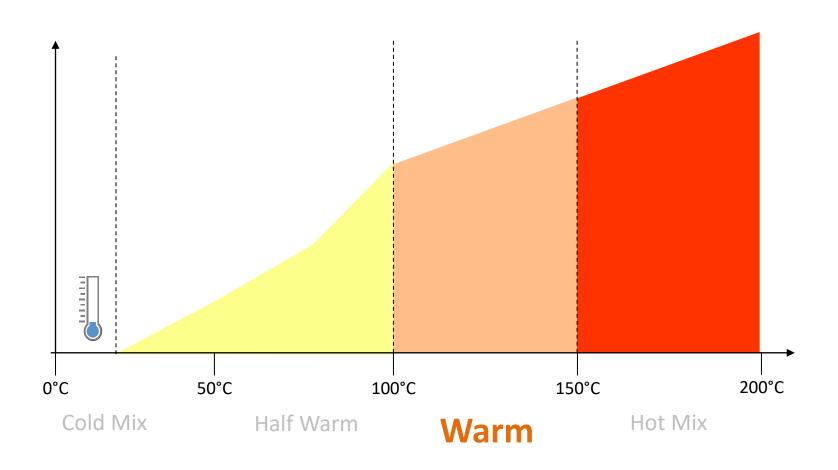


# Low Temperature Terminology





# Low Temperature Terminology





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### **UltiLow**

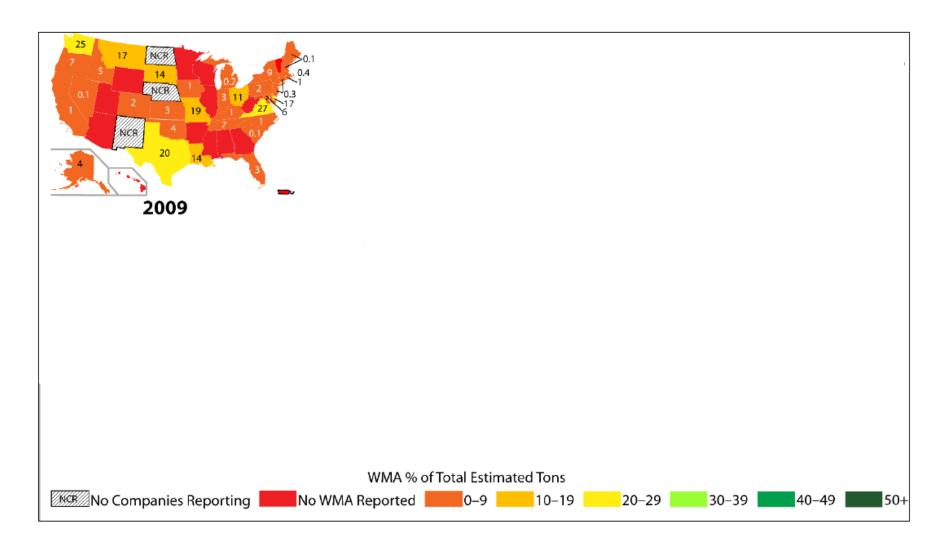
Not a new idea.....

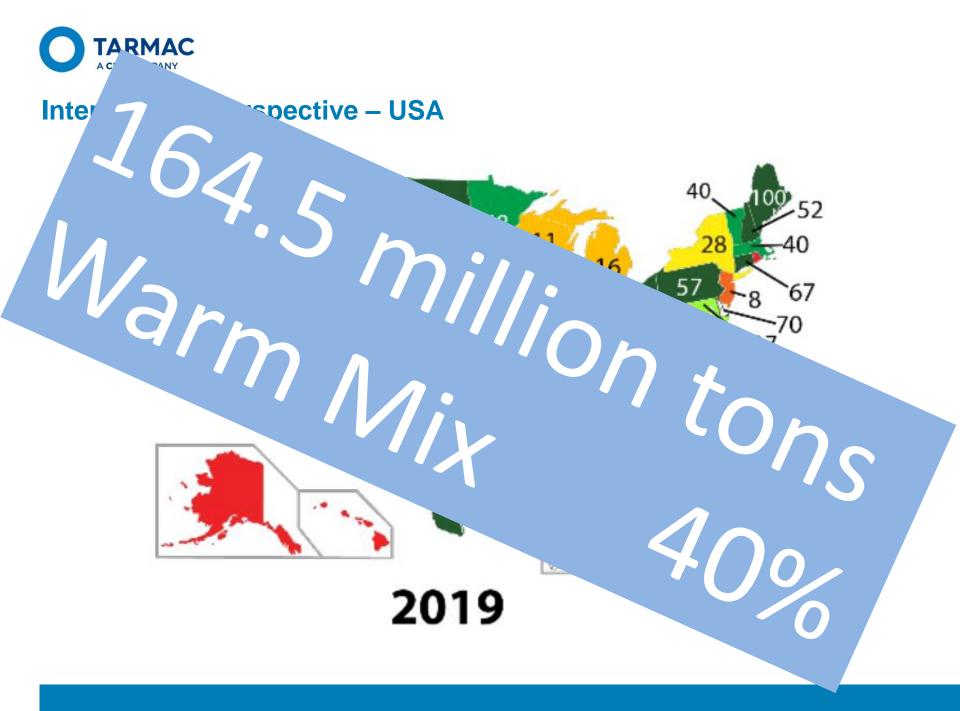
1995	Trials in Scandinavia (Shell WAM-Emulsion process)
1995	Trials in Germany (Aspha-min Zeolite)
1997	Trials in Germany (Sasobit wax)
1998	First UK WAM-Emulsion trial by Tilcon
2000	Trials in Scandinavia (Shell WAM-Foam process)
2001	First UK WAM-Foam trial by Lafarge
2004	Trials in Netherlands (Nynas LT Asphalt )
2005	Trials in France – LEA half warm process
2006	Major US visit to Europe triggers great interest and much research
2007	Commercial Warm mix foam systems available in US and Europe
2010	Tarmac / Carbon Trust trials of Half-Warm Foam system
2013	Lafarge Tarmac / Carbon Trust Project Completion



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### **International Perspective - USA**







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### **Longer Life???**

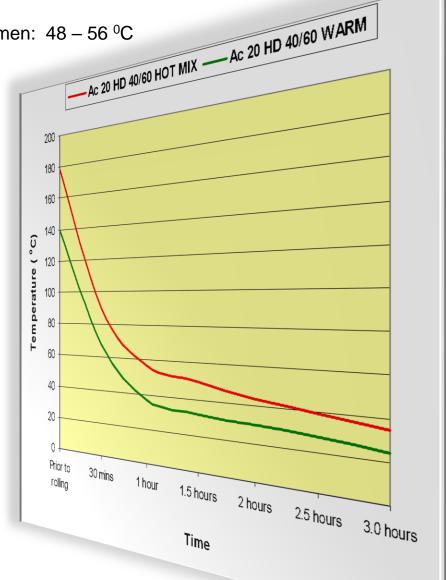
Dindor Crada	Recovered Binder Penetration			
Binder Grade	Hot Mix	Warm Mix		
40/60 Pen	36 Pen	44 Pen		
70/100 Pen	55 Pen	73 Pen		
100/150 Pen	93 Pen	110 Pen		



### **UltiLow**

Softening Point 40/60 Bitumen: 48 – 56 °C

Elapsed Time	Temperature	Temperature
	AC 20 HDM 40/60 STANDARD	Ac 20 HDM 40/60 WARM
Rolling	179	140
5 mins	135	113
15 mins	127	104
20 mins	121	79
30 mins	90	68
40 mins	77	56
50 mins	60	42
1 hour	57	37
1.5 hours	50	32
2 hours	43	30
2.5 hours	39	28
3.0 hours	35	24



# ULTILOW



- Terminology
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#### Warm Mix additives

- Reduces surface tension of the bitumen allowing the mix to be compacted at lower temperatures
- Binder properties (Pen & Softening Point) virtually unchanged
- Can be used to reduce temperatures of PMB mixtures
- Supplied as a liquid additive, includes an adhesion agent
- Several products and processes are available
  - Liquid additive for mix modification
  - Pre-blended binder
  - Foamed bitumen

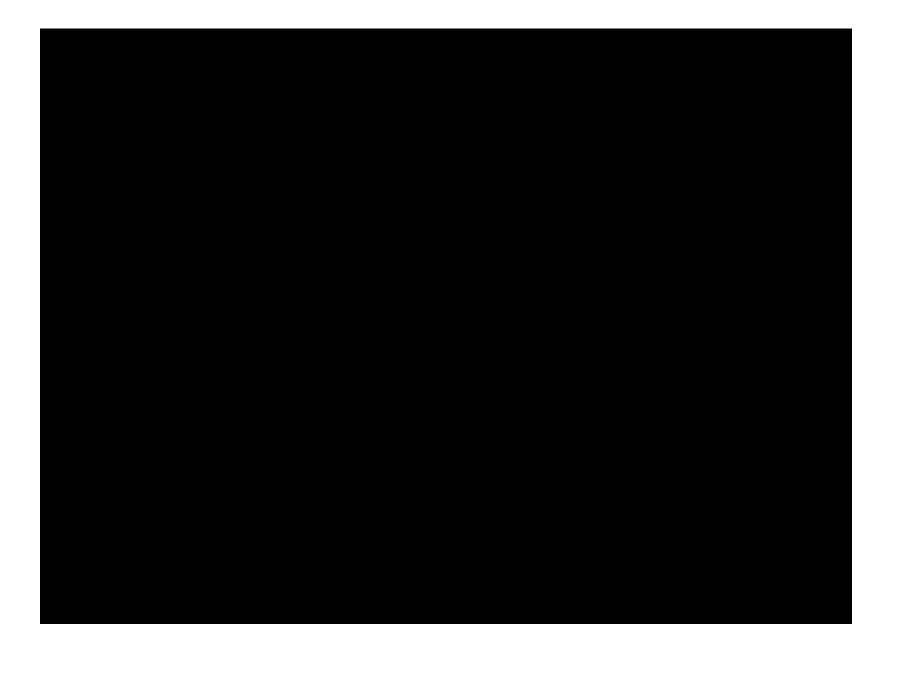


How the additive works..... compaction





The Magic Drop.....







#### What Materials are available in Warm Mix?

#### EN13108-1

- ✓ Dense Binder Course & Base
- ✓ EME2
- ✓ Close Graded Surface Course
- ✓ Open Graded

#### EN13108-4

- ✓ HRA Binder Course & Base
- ✓ HRA 55% Surface Course
- **⊁**HRA Surface Course & Chippings

#### EN13108-5

- **✓** SMA
- **✓** SMA PMB
- ✓ Low Texture ULTILAYER

#### **Clause 942 Thin Surface Course**

✓ ULTIPAVE & ULTIFLEX

(Both BBA approved in Jan 2015)

✓ ULTIPAVE R (BBA in April 21)



#### ULTILOW/WARM MIX MINIMUM TEMPERATURE GUIDE

Material Type		40/60 Pen		100/150 Pen	
		On arrival*	Initial Rolling	On arrival*	Initial Rolling
AC	Dense / Heavy Duty Binder Course & Base	110°C	90°C	100°C	80°C
	Close Graded Surface Course Dense Surface Course	115°C <sup>†</sup>	100°C +	105°C	90°C
	Open Graded Surface Course Open Graded Binder Course	110°C †	90°C <sup>†</sup>	100°C	80°C
HRA	Binder Course & Base 55% or 45% Surface Course	115°C	100°C	105°C	90°C
HRA		125°C	100°C	115°C	90°C
SMA	Binder Course, Surface Course	115°C	100°C	105°C	90°C
Clause 942	ULTIPAVE & ULTIPHALT	115°C	100°C	105°C	90°C
Material Type		РМВ		Compaction should commence	
	Platerial Type	On arrival*	Initial Rolling	without undue delay. Initial rolling temperatures provided are minimums. All ULTILOW Warm Mixes comply with the requirements of BS EN 13108 and are CE Marked where appropriate.	
	<b>ULTI</b> FLEX & <b>ULTI</b> PHALT P	135°C	120°C		
Clause 942	ULTIPAVE M & ULTIPHALT M	130°C	115°C		

- ✓ Warm mix asphalts can be manufactured in accordance with current EN 13108.
  - > Can be CE marked like hot mix.





#### ✓ Now in the SHW 900

#### (07/19) Warm Mix Asphalts (WMA)

29 (07/19) WMAs are proposed to be delivered to site and rolled at lower temperatures than those recommended by Table A.1 of BS 594987;2015 + A1:2017 and in line with the producer's recommendations.

Amendment – July 2019

5

Volume 1 Specification for Highway Works Series 900 Road Pavements – Bituminous Bound Materials

- **30** (07/19) WMA materials shall be produced in accordance with:
  - Clause 906 Dense Base and Binder Course Asphalt Concrete with Paving Grade Bitumen (Recipe Mixtures);
  - Clause 912 Close Graded Asphalt Concrete Surface Course;
  - (iii) Clause 929 Dense Base and Binder Course Asphalt Concrete (Design Mixtures);
  - (iv) Clause 930 EME2 Base and Binder Course Asphalt Concrete;
  - (v) Clause 937 Stone Mastic Asphalt (SMA) Binder Course and Regulating Course;
  - (vi) Clause 942 Thin Surface Course Systems;

and shall comply with Clause 902 and 903.

- **31** (07/19) Water sensitivity of the Clause 942 Thin Surface Course System mixtures shall be assessed in accordance with BS EN 12697-12 (Method A) prior to the commencement of works. The Indirect Tensile Strength Ratio (ITSR) obtained shall be greater than or equal to ITSRmin80.
- 32 (07/19) Warm mixtures conforming to Clause 942 shall have Product Acceptance Scheme certification for their installation in compliance with sub-Clause 104.16 and Clause 942 to demonstrate their performance.



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ULTILOW

The ultimate low temperature asphalt solution for faster completion and enhanced sustainability



#### **Availability**





### **Low Temperature Asphalt Benefits**

- Reduced carbon footprint, typically 8-12%
- Reduced programme duration/earlier re-opening
- Reduced public disruption
- Lower on site costs help restricted budgets
- Potential extended pavement life
- No extra cost when supplied by Tarmac
- Why would you not specify Warm Mix???

<10%
RAP in surface courses

<50%
RAP in binder and base courses



Sourced from preferred suppliers (generally SRN/Local Authorities)

- tar bound material not accepted
- inspection on arrival at the plant



### MANAGING RECLAIMED ASPHALT HIGHWAYS AND PAVEMENTS

An ADEPT & Construction Demolition Waste Forum Guidance Note













#### 2.0 The Regulators Position

#### 2.1 Definition of Waste

"...all arisings from construction processes should be classed as waste. As such, anyone carrying these materials, recycling them, or reprocessing them, must possess all appropriate permits and licences."

#### 2.2 Duty of Care

'If you have waste you have a legal 'Duty of Care'. The Duty of Care applies to everyone involved in handling the waste: from the person who produces it to the person who finally disposes of or recovers it.'

'If any form of excavation in a bituminous pavement is required the Designer or scheme complier has a duty under the regulations to determine whether or not any materials encountered could be hazardous waste.'

Version 2019 Revision 1 August 2019



#### **Control of Recycled Asphalt Planings (RAP)**

Laboratory testing every 500 tonnes;

- Binder recovery test
  - % of bitumen content
  - Penetration grade
- Aggregate
  - shape and size
  - stone count for classification
- Stored undercover to remove moisture

Results give a controlled product;

- Bitumen addition adjusted in production
  - blend of low Pen (old) and high Pen (new)
  - achieves required grade for new asphalt



